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688 POLYMERS FROM RENEWABLE SOURCES

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Table 2. Applications of Starch Derivatives^a

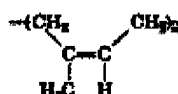
Starch or derivative	Applications	Refs.
glycol glucosides	urethane foams, surfactants, alkylid resins	42-46
combination with poly(ethylene-co-acrylic acid) and polyethylene	biodegradable materials as mulch film	47
carboxymethylstarch	water-soluble laundry-detergent bags	48
starch emulsions of rubber	assist in rubber manufacture	49
droplets, powdered rubber in latex		
insoluble starch xanthates	removal of heavy metal contaminants from industrial process water	50
graft starch products ^b	absorption of body fluids; thickening agents; fire control; removal of water in fuel-alcohol mixtures	35,51,52

^a Ref. 4.^b Including Super Sturper.

Rubber and Gutta Percha

Natural rubber has been used for a long time. Columbus noticed that the natives of Haiti played with balls prepared from the gum of a local tree (53). Rubber is present in the *Hevea* tree (*Hevea brasiliensis*) as a natural latex or in submicroscopic dispersion in a saplike material. These latices appear milk-white. The first commercial rubber was obtained from trees in Brazil (see RUBBER, NATURAL).

Natural rubber consists of poly(*cis*-1,4-isoprene).



The *cis* isomer is usually an amorphous solid with a T_g of -72°C ; it melts at 27°C if crystallized. The *trans* isomer, known as gutta percha or balata, is a highly crystalline polymer; sources are given in Table 9. The most important sources are the plantations in Malaysia and Indonesia.

Production. The commercial growth of natural rubber developed rapidly with the invention of the pneumatic tire. Beginning with World War II, the

Table 9. Sources of Rubber

Common name	Botanical name	Region
<i>Poly(cis-1,4-isoprene)</i>		
natural rubber	<i>Hevea brasiliensis</i>	Brazil, Malaysia
guttale	<i>Parthenium argentatum</i>	Mexico, Texas
dandelion	<i>Taraxacum</i>	USSR
<i>Poly(trans-1,4-isoprene)</i>		
gutta percha	<i>Palaquium gutta</i>	Malaysia
	<i>Diospyros gutta</i>	
balata	<i>Bolit tree</i>	Brazil